Estrella Mountain Community College ESL020 Grammar II Final Exam - December 16, 2014 Azar Chapters 9-16

Chapter 9 – Expressing Past Time

A. Write the word from the list under the verb phrase that best completes the sentence.

Ex: Mr.	s. Reed <u>turned</u> on the	radio in her car while	e she <u>was</u>	driving hom	e yesterday.
	a. turned		a.	drived	
	b. was turn		<i>b</i> .	was drive	
	c. was turning		с.	was driving	
	d. did turn		d.	drove	
1. She	to work wh	nen she suddenly	de	eer in front of	`her.
	ı. driving		a. seen		
b	o. was driving		b. was se	eeing	
c	c. drove		c. saw		
d	l. was drive		d. did see	e	
2. While	my daughter and I	at the mall l	ast night,	she	on a piece of glass.
	8	. shopping		a. step	ping
	ł	o. was shopping		b. was	stepping
		. were shopping		c. steps	S
	(l. shopped		d. step	ped
3. When	the plate	on the floor, it		_•	
	a. fell	a. breal	ked		
	b. falled	b. brok	e		
	c. was falling	c. was	breaking		
	d. was fall	d. brok	en		
4. Last y	vear, we	_ Thanksgiving dinner	while we	e	football.
	a. eaten		a. watchi	ing	
	b. were eating		b. were v	watching	
	c. ate		c. watche	ed	
	d. eat		d. was w	atching	

2B. <u>Underline the question</u> that goes best with the answer on the right:

Eλ	••	Answer:	at the library
	Where did you study last night?		
	Where you studied last night?		
<i>c</i> .	When did you study last night?		
d.	Where did you studied last night?		
1.	Question:	Answer1:	After the semester ends next month
a.	When your daughter comes home?		
b.	When your daughter is coming home?		
	When is your daughter coming home?		
d.	When did your daughter come home?		
	Overtion	A maxyan 2	: Because I was afraid
	Question:	Allswei 2	. Because I was allaid
	Why you cried? Why cry?		
	Why are you cry?		
	Why were you crying?		
	Why was she crying?		
С.	with was she crying:		
	Answer the questions using the correct verb to :: What were you doing at 8 o'clock this morni		clock this morning, I was eating breakfast.
1.	What time will you be studying today?		
	What time will you be studying today?		
	When was your doctor appointment?		
2.			
3.	When was your doctor appointment?	below:	
2. 3. D.	When was your doctor appointment? When were you dancing professionally? Write the simple past tense form of the verbs		give
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2. 3. D.	When was your doctor appointment? When were you dancing professionally? Write the simple past tense form of the verbs		give know drink

Chapters 10 & 11 – Expressing Future Time

A. Answer the question using a complete sentence that includes the correct form of **Be Going To...with a verb.**

Ex: What are you going to do tomorrow?	I am going to wash my car tomorrow.
1. What are you and your friend going to do o	n vacation?
2. Why is she calling you?	·
3. After this semester are you going to take m	nore classes?
B. <u>Complete the sentences</u> using one of the Ex: <i>My children and I went to the zoo a wee</i>	following: yesterday, last, tomorrow, next, in or ago.
1. We ice skated week	
2. I am going to work out	morning.
3. There is a lot to do	_weekend.
4. I will be on vacation three	ee days.
5. I can speak a lot more English than I could	a year
C. Create a question and a short answer us	sing Will. (Use the sentence provided as the topic.)
Ex: A. Will they want to come with us?	3. No, they won't. (Jane and Mark don't like to travel.)
1. A	(My neighbors didn't tell me anything yet.)

4		
2. A		
B. Yes,	(Liz will be in town later this w	reek.)
D. Fill in the blanks with m	aybe or may or might.	
1. What are you going to do	tomorrow?	
I don't know.	I'll sleep in.	
2. Where is Martha?		
I'm not sure.	She be at her friend'	's house.
3. How's the weather there?		
It's fine now, b	out it snow tomorrow.	
	tonight, I (watch) will watch TV.	
1. If I	_ (feel) sick tomorrow, I (go, not)	to school.
2. After we (watch)	the movie, we (come)	visit you.
3	(have, you) time when I (be)	finished with chores?
4. Why (do, not)	I send you the recipe so you (be able to	see it?
Chapter 12 – Expressin	g Ability	
A. Write a complete sentenc the following word pairs.	e, either positive or negative, using "can" in its	correct form for each of
1. dogs/run		
2. fish/fly		
3. cloud/rain		
4. butterfly/sting		

B	Write a question and a short answer using t	the verb " c	can" for each	word pair below.	Your answer
ca	n be either <i>negative</i> or <i>positive</i> .				

Ex: speak/English Question: Can you speak	k English? Short answer: Yes, I can.
1. cook/dinner	Answer:
2. ride/horse	Answer:
3. buy/Ferrari	Answer:
C. <u>Underline the sentence</u> with the <u>same meaning</u>	ng as the first sentence.
Ex: Ann can play the guitar.	
a. Ann know how to play the guitar.	b. Ann knows how play the guitar.
c. Ann knows how to play the guitar.	d. Ann knew how to play the guitar
I can't speak Japanese. a. I don't know how to speak Japanese. c. I know not how to speak Japanese.	b. I doesn't know how to speak Japanese.d. I didn't know how to speak Japanese.
2. <u>I could read when I was six years old.</u>	
a. I know how to read when I was six years old.	b. I knowed how to read when I was six years old.
c. I did know how read when I was six years old.	d. I knew how to read when I was six years old.
D. Fill in the blanks with "could" or "couldn't"	' + <u>a verb</u> .
1. I	last night because I was too busy.
2. She	because she had lots of free time.
3. He wanted to win the race, but he	!

E.	Choose the sentence with the	correct form of	<u>"be able to"</u>	and that has	the same	meaning	as the
ori	ginal sentence.						

Ex	: Most animals can't talk. a. Most animals isn't able to talk.	b. Most animals aren't able to talk.
	c. Most animals weren't able talk.	d. Most animals don't be able to talk.
1.	I couldn't sleep last night.	
	a. I wasn't able to sleep last night.	b. I'm not able to sleep last night.
	c. I won't be able to sleep last night.	d. I did not able to sleep last night.
2.	Could you sleep last night?	
	a. Was you able to sleep last night?	b. Were you able to sleep last night?
	c. You were able sleep last night?	d. Be you able to sleep last night?
2.	I can't start the car!	
	a. I was not able to start the car!	b. I am not able to start car?
	c. I'm not able to start the car!	d. We are not able to start car.
F.	Fill in the blanks with one of these words:	"very" - "too" - "to"
1.	I can't lift this sofa. It is	heavy.
2.	I can't see the sign across the street. It's	far away.
3.	The tea is sweet, but it's oka	y. I like it.
4.	I need go the store a	after class.
5.	Isn't it early for the store to be o	open?

Chapter 13 – Advice, Necessity, Requests, Suggestions

A. Write a complete sentence using "should" - "shouldn't" - "must" - "must not"

Ex: Ann: I have a	headache. You	u tell Ann:	You should	<u>take an </u>	aspirin and go to bed.	
1. Ann: I want to	learn more English	ı .				
You say to Ann:						
2. You are a passeng	ger in Ann's car. S	he is drivin	g 85 miles per	hour (fa	ster than the speed limit).	
You say to Ann:						
3. Ann misses her g	randchild who live	s in another	r state.			
You say to Ann:						
4. Ann is going to s	tart attending colle	ge next wee	ek and wants to	get goo	od grades.	
You say to Ann:						
B. <u>Underline</u> the p	hrase that best co	mpletes the	e sentence.			
Ex: People	food.					
a. must to eat	b. <u>must</u>	<u>eat</u>	c. don't mu	st eat	d. doesn't must to eat	
1. Maria		late for wor	rk or she'll los	e her job).	
a. mustn't be	b. must is not	c. m	usts not be	d. m	ast to not be	
2		take aspirin	or Tylenol for	· a heada	che?	
a. Should Bob	b. Should Bob t	o c. Sh	oulds Bob	d. Do	oes Bob should	
3		study a lot t	for this test?			
a. Was you able to				d. Be	e able you to	

a. will able to b. will be able c. will be able to d. was able to Chapter 16 — Making Comparisons A. Compare the shapes, as listed in each question, with a complete sentence using the same (as), different (from), similar (to), like, or alike. (Don't forget the verb "to be") A B C D E 1. A and B	8 4. If you pass this class, yo	ou take leve	13 grammar.	
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A B C D E 1. A and B	Chapter 16 – Making	<u>Comparisons</u>		
1. A and B	•	•	-	· · ·
1. A and B				
2. D and E 3. B	A	ВС	D	E
3. B C. 4. A B. B. Using each comparative <i>only once</i> , fill in the blanks with either <i>the same (as)</i> , <i>different (from)</i> , <i>similar (to)</i> , <i>like</i> , or <i>alike</i> . 1. Twins are born on day. 2. My friend and I like the same jokes because we think 3. The colors in a sunrise are the colors in a sunset. 4. Watching sports on a TV is being at the event.	1. A and B			
4. A	2. D and E			
B. Using each comparative <i>only once</i> , fill in the blanks with either <i>the same (as)</i> , <i>different (from)</i> , <i>similar (to)</i> , <i>like</i> , or <i>alike</i> . 1. Twins are born on day. 2. My friend and I like the same jokes because we think 3. The colors in a sunrise are the colors in a sunset. 4. Watching sports on a TV is being at the event.	3. B			C.
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 My friend and I like the same jokes because we think The colors in a sunrise are the colors in a sunset. Watching sports on a TV is being at the event. 		only once, fill in the bla	anks with eithe	er <u>the same (as)</u> , <u>different (from)</u> ,
3. The colors in a sunrise are the colors in a sunset. 4. Watching sports on a TV is being at the event.	1. Twins are born on		day.	
4. Watching sports on a TV is being at the event.	2. My friend and I like the	same jokes because we	think	·
	3. The colors in a sunrise a	re	the	colors in a sunset.
5. A lemon is sour a lime.	4. Watching sports on a TV	' is	beii	ng at the event.
	5. A lemon is sour		a lime.	

B. Fill in the blanks with the correct **comparative:**

1. more ... than

	2er than3. irregular form of the adjective in italics							
Ex: (diffici	Ex: (difficult) My English class is more difficult than my Art class.							
1. (sunny)	Phoenix is	Flagstaff.						
2. (big)	An elephant is	a dog.						
3. (good)	Your spelling is	mine.						
4. (bad)	My handwriting is	his.						
5. <i>(cool)</i>	Flagstaff is	Phoenix.						
C. Fill in the	blanks with the correct <u>superlative</u> form 1. the most 2. theest 3. irregular form of the adjo	ective in italics.						
Ex: (large)	The largest city in Arizona is Phoenix.							
1. (intelligen	nt) Who is	person in the world?						
2. (good)	Many people say laughter is	medicine.						
3. <i>(funny)</i>	My uncle is	person I know.						
4. (<i>bad</i>)	New York has	crime rate in the U.S.						
5. (hot)	Phoenix has one of	summers in the U.S.						



D. Look at the picture. $\underline{\text{Write 2 sentences}}$ using comparative and superlative adjectives...

comparatives	or superlatives	
more than	the most	
er than	theest	
less than	the least	
1		
1		
2		
2		

That's it!! Please come get your workbook before you leave today.

Thank you for all your hard work! It has been a pleasure working with you!

Good luck in future classes.

Laraine